

Type-Directed Program Synthesis and Constraint Generation for Library Portability

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A Heterogeneous World







Triple Constraint





A Dire Warning

"IMPORTANT: GPU support is currently highly EXPERIMENTAL and should be used by experienced developers only. In particular, DO NOT TRY TO WILDLY AND DIRTILY HACK THE BUILD SYSTEM, EVEN IF YOU ARE A PHYSICIST!"



Can we do better?





Can we do better?





Example





How to achieve this?

- 1. Learn model of behaviour
- 2. Search for compatible code
- 3. Migrate to new library



Learning





Learning





Synthesis



- Interface properties
- From documentation

- Control flow
- Program structure



Synthesis



Search for instructions



Synthesis







LLVM PROGRAM

```
define float @func(...) {
```

entry:

...

}

```
%0 = getelementptr...
```

```
%1 = load float...
```

Search for compatible code

CONSTRAINTS

 $\{\%0\}$ is gep instruction and

{%1} is load instruction and

```
{%0} is first arg of {%1}...
```









Generalising





Summary





Graph Matching





Graph Matching





Summary







- Inline every synthesised library call
 - Match fully inlined code
 - **Replace** match results



Inline





Match & Replace





Evaluation





Performance Results

1.0

0.5

0.0





Abinit Titanium





DenseNet-201



NWChem Buckyball



Pathsample PFold



NWChem Pentacene



Pathsample NGT



Parboil SGEMM





Portability Story





Discovery Results

		SPMV	GEMM	GEMV	GER	AXPY	AXPBY	SCAL	COPY	DOT	SOFTMAX	RELU
Abinit	P TP FP		180 (180) 0/0/180/180	47 (47) 0/0/47/47		21 (21) 21/21/21/21	2 (2) 0/2/2/2	20 (20) 20/20/20/20	70 (70) 70/70/70/70			
	FN		180/180/0/0	47/47/0/0			2/0/0/0					
Pathsample	P TP FP	2 (0) 0/0/2/2	1 (0) 0/0/1/1	1 (0) 0/0/1/1	3 (0) 3/3/3/3	7 (0) <i>רורורו</i> ר		13 (0) 13/13/13/13	5 (0) 5/5/5/5	1 (0) 1/1/1/1		
	FN	2/2/0/0	1/1/0/0	1/1/0/0								
NWChem	P TP FP	2 (0) 0/0/2/2	2 (0) 0/0/2/2	2 (0) 0/0/2/2	2 (0) 0/2/2/2	2 (0) 0/2/2/2	27 (0) 0/27/27/27	2 (0) 0/2/2/2	2 (0) 0/2/2/2 0/5/5/0	2 (0) 0/2/2/2		
	FN	2/2/0/0	2/2/0/0	2/2/0/0	2/0/0/0	2/0/0/0	27/0/0/0	2/0/0/0	2/0/0/0	2/0/0/0		
Darknet	P TP FP FN		2 (1) 0/0/2/2 2/2/0/0	1 (0) 0/0/1/1 1/1/0/0		1 (0) 0/1/1/1 1/0/0/0		1 (0) 0/1/1/1 0/3/3/0 1/0/0/0	1 (0) 0/1/1/1 0/2/2/0 1/0/0/0	1 (0) 0/1/1/1 0/1/1/0 1/0/0/0	1 (0) 0/0/0/0 1/1/1/1	1 (0) 0/1/1/1 1/0/0/0
Parboil	P TP FP FN		1 (0) 0/1/1/1 1/0/0/0									



Discovery Results

	1	SPMV	GEMM	GEMV	GER	AXPY	AXPBY	SCAL	COPY	DOT	SOFTMAX	RELU
Abinit	P TP		180 (180) 0/0/180/180	47 (47) 0/0/47/47		21 (21) 21/21/21/21	2 (2) 0/2/2/2	20 (20) 20/20/20/20	70 (70) 70/70/70/70			
	F] F]											
Pathsample	F T F F]	Graph matching generalises well										
NWChem	F			•	Fe	ew fals	e neg	gatives	5			
	T F F		•	False	pos	sitives	can l	De elin	ninate	d		
	P		•		por		ourri					1 (0)
Darknet	Ť F		•	Rea	al C,	, C++ a	nd F	ortran	code			0/1/1/1
	F											1/0/0/0
Parboil	F											
	FP		1/0/0/0							_		
	FN		1/0/0/0									



Summary

- Getting all 3 is a **hard** problem
- Program synthesis to model
- Constraints and graph matching to search
- Inline and replace
- Performant and accurate

